MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 1999

By: Representative Ford

To: Conservation and Water Resources

HOUSE BILL NO. 561 (As Passed the House)

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 51-3-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO DELETE THE REPEALER DATE OF JULY 1, 1999, ON THE PROVISION THAT DEFINES THE "ESTABLISHED MINIMUM FLOW" AS APPLIED TO THE SURFACE 1 2 3 WATERS OF THE STATE BY THE COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY; 4 5 AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 6 7 SECTION 1. Section 51-3-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 8 amended as follows: 51-3-3. The following words and phrases, for the purposes of 9 this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to 10 them in this section unless the context clearly indicates a 11 different meaning: 12 13 (a) "Person" means the state or other agency or 14 institution thereof, any municipality, political subdivision, public or private corporation, individual, partnership, 15 association or other entity, and includes any officer or governing 16 or managing body of any municipality, political subdivision, 17 public or private corporation or the United States, or any officer 18 or employee thereof. 19 (b) "Surface water" means that water occurring on the 20 21 surface of the ground. "Domestic uses" means the use of water for ordinary 2.2 (C)23 household purposes, the watering of farm livestock, poultry and domestic animals and the irrigation of home gardens and lawns. 24 25 (d) "Municipal use" means the use of water by a municipal government and the inhabitants thereof, primarily to 26 promote the life, safety, health, comfort and business pursuits of 27

H. B. No. 561 99\HR40\R798CS PAGE 1 28 the inhabitants. It does not include the irrigation of crops 29 within the corporate boundaries.

30 (e) "Beneficial use" means the application of water to
31 a useful purpose as determined by the commission, but excluding
32 waste of water.

(f) "Permittee" means the person who obtains a permit from the board authorizing him to take possession by diversion or otherwise and to use and apply an allotted quantity of water for a designated beneficial use and who makes actual use of the water for such purpose, or his successor.

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(g) "Permitted use" means:

39 (1) The use of a specific amount of water at a 40 specific time and at a specific place, authorized and allotted by 41 the board for a designated beneficial purpose within the specific 42 limits as to quantity, time, place and rate of diversion and 43 withdrawal.

44 (2) The right to the use of water as specified in
45 the permit, subject to the provisions of Section 51-3-5, including
46 the construction of waterworks or other related facilities.

(h) "Watercourse" means any natural lake, river, creek,
cut, or other natural body of fresh water or channel having
definite banks and bed with visible evidence of the flow or
occurrence of water, except such lakes without outlet to which
only one (1) landowner is riparian.

52 (i) "Established minimum flow" means the minimum flow 53 for a given stream at a given point thereon as determined and 54 established by the commission when reasonably required for the purposes of this chapter. "Minimum flow" is the average 55 streamflow rate over seven (7) consecutive days that may be 56 57 expected to be reached as an annual minimum no more frequently than one (1) year in ten (10) years (7Q10), or any other 58 59 streamflow rate that the commission may determine and establish using generally accepted scientific methodologies considering 60 61 biological, hydrological and hydraulic factors. In selecting a 62 generally accepted scientific methodology, the commission shall 63 consult with and shall consider recommendations from the Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks. In determining and 64

H. B. No. 561 99\HR40\R798CS PAGE 2 establishing the minimum streamflow rates, the commission shall give consideration to consumptive and nonconsumptive water uses, including, but not limited to, agricultural, industrial, municipal and domestic uses, assimilative waste capacity, recreation, navigation, fish and wildlife resources and other ecologic values, estuarine resources, aquifer recharge and aesthetics.

71 (j) "Established average minimum lake levels" means the average minimum lake levels for a given lake as determined and 72 73 established by the commission when reasonably required for the 74 purposes of this chapter. The "average minimum lake level" is that level which shall not be expected to be reached as an average 75 76 annual minimum no more frequently than one (1) year in ten (10) 77 years, or such other minimum lake level that the commission may 78 determine and establish using generally accepted scientific methodologies considering biological, hydrological and hydraulic 79 80 factors. In selecting a generally accepted scientific methodology, the commission shall consult with and shall consider 81 82 recommendations from the Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and 83 Parks.

84 (k) "Board" means the Permit Board as created by85 Section 49-17-28.

86 (1) "Commission" means the Commission on Environmental87 Quality.

88 (m) "Mining of aquifer" means the withdrawal of 89 groundwater from hydrologically connected water-bearing formations 90 in a manner in excess of the standards established by the 91 commission.

92 (n) "Groundwater" means that water occurring beneath
93 the surface of the ground.
94 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from

95 and after June 30, 1999.

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